





### **Doctoral course**

### **Evidence-Based Medicine**

**Brief course content** 

**Doctoral study program: Biomedical Engineering** 

Zdroj: https://predmety.fbmi.cvut.cz/cs/doktorske-bme

Creative Common verze 4.0 BY









#### **Course structure - lectures**

- 1. Introduction to evidence-based medicine, theory of knowledge, and Key Ouestions
- 2. Source of evidence, diagnostic and prognostic studies, harm
- 3. Evidence search, methods, sources, approaches related to the key questions
- 4. Risk of bias in clinical studies
- 5. Critical appraisal of diagnostic and prognostic studies with various design
- 6. Critical appraisal of efficacy and harm studies; and systematic review and meta-analyses
- 7. Evidence synthesis and comparative effectiveness: methods and steps for systematic reviews, interpretation
- 8. Evidence synthesis and comparative effectiveness: meta-analyses, approaches and models, modern tools, interpretation
- 9. Clinical guidelines, strength of evidence, interpretation, use, implementation, and assessment
- 10. Use of software to support systematic reviews, conduct meta-analysis, and present clinical guidelines







#### **Course structure - practices**

#### First practice:

- Key question formulation search for evidence
- data abstraction
- sources for bias
- risk for bias assessment practice
- evidence synthesis

#### Second practice:

- statistical models for metaanalysis
- meta-analyses in RevMan and R.
- Assess the methodological quality of systematic reviews







## Introduction to evidence-based medicine, theory of knowledge, and Key Questions

- Definition integration of best research evidence with clinical expertise and patient values
- History and Cochrane Collaboration
- Natural and empirical sciences, knowledge acquisition
- Knowledge by integrating the best research evidence
- Research steps in EBM and key/clinical questions
- Key questions in evidence integration







## Source of evidence, diagnostic and prognostic studies, harm

- Clinical studies as a main evidence source for EBM
- Studies classification: experimental and observational studies
- Study design for RCTs, cohort and case control studies
- Other sources: harm studies, patient experience, clinical expertise etc.
- Reliability/quality of sources of evidence







## Evidence search, methods, sources, approaches related to the key questions

- The key sources of evidence to search: clinical databases, trial registers, resources of professional societies and organizations etc.
- Information sources related to different evidence types
- Systematic review basics
- Search strategy preparation
- PICO/PICOTS and other notations for clinical questions formulation







### Assessing risk of bias in included clinical studies

- Bias: definition and examples
- Types of bias in clinical studies: selection bias, measurement bias, publication bias etc.
- Sequence generation, allocation, blinding, outcome selection and reporting, validity of study results
- Risk of bias assessment tools, Cochrane Collaboration's tool, special tools for various study designs
- Incorporating results of assessment into further analyses

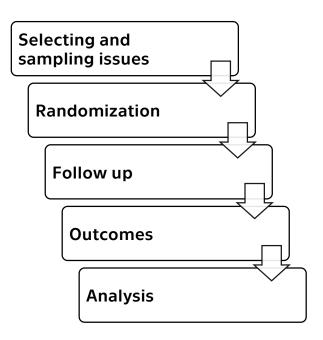






## Critical appraisal of diagnostic and prognostic studies with various design and other evidence sources

- Systematic examination of research to judge its trustworthiness
- Internal validity of study
- Process of critical appraisal, recommended steps and developed tools/checklists
- Example of critical appraisal for RCTs
- External validity / generalizability of results









# Evidence synthesis and comparative effectiveness: methods and steps for systematic reviews, interpretation

- Comparative effectiveness research, definition and basics
- Systematic review: definition, approaches, methods, and recommended process
- Software, tools and templates for conducting systematic reviews
- Interpreting results and drawing conclusions
- Presenting results of SR







# Evidence synthesis and comparative effectiveness: meta-analyses, approaches and models, modern tools, interpretation

- Meta-analysis basics
- Data extraction and preparation
- Homogeneity of results in included studies
- Random and fixed effect metaanalysis – differences
- Meta-analysis software
- Interpretation of results: forest and funnel plots







## Clinical guidelines, strength of evidence, interpretation, use, implementation, and assessment

- Systematically developed statements to assist decisions about appropriate health care for clinical circumstances
- Life cycle of clinical guidelines
- GRADE Grading quality of evidence and strength of recommendations
- Approaches to implementation: clinical groups, seminars, local adaptations, the use of IT
- Evaluation of changes in clinical practice and health outcomes and economic evaluation







# Use of software to support systematic reviews, conduct meta-analysis, and present clinical guidelines

- Citation managers: EndNote, Mendeley
- SR software: RevMan, Abstrackr, SR Toolbox
- MA software: RevMan, metaanalysis in R (Metafor), OpenMeta[Analyst], Excel addons

### Doporučená literatura

- 1. Higgins JPT, Thomas J, Chandler J, Cumpston M, Li T, Page MJ, Welch VA (editors). *Cochrane Handbook for Systematic Reviews of Interventions* version 6.4 (updated August 2023). Cochrane, 2023. Available from <a href="www.training.cochrane.org/handbook">www.training.cochrane.org/handbook</a>.
- 2. PAGE, Matthew J, Joanne E MCKENZIE, Patrick M BOSSUYT, Isabelle BOUTRON, Tammy C HOFFMANN, Cynthia D MULROW, Larissa SHAMSEER, Jennifer M TETZLAFF, Elie A AKL, Sue E BRENNAN, Roger CHOU, Julie GLANVILLE, Jeremy M GRIMSHAW, Asbjørn HRÓBJARTSSON, Manoj M LALU, Tianjing LI, Elizabeth W LODER, Evan MAYO-WILSON, Steve MCDONALD, Luke A MCGUINNESS, Lesley A STEWART, James THOMAS, Andrea C TRICCO, Vivian A WELCH, Penny WHITING a David MOHER. The PRISMA 2020 statement: an updated guideline for reporting systematic reviews. *BMJ* [online]. 2021, n71. ISSN 1756-1833. Dostupné z: doi:10.1136/bmj.n71